2014-2015 NASA Student Launch



Flight Readiness Review

University of Central Florida

Launch Vehicle and AGSE design and dimensions

- Length: 79.25 in.
- Diameter: 4 in.
- Weight: 9.26 lbs
- Rover Dimensions: 22 in x 20 in x 22 in
- Electronics Box: 10 in x14 in x 4 in



Key design features of the launch vehicle

LED lighting
Magnetic latch mechanism
Arming switch
Closing mechanism
Removable bulkhead mechanism for main chute



Motor description

Full Scale will use Cesaroni J355 red lightening
Burn Time: 3.4s
Propellant Weight: 669gg
Total Impulse: 267.40 lb*s
Max Thrust: 97.63 lb
Average Thrust: 79.42 lb



Rocket flight stability in static margin diagram

Center of Gravity: 54.194 in.
Center of Pressure: 65.66 in.
Stability Margin: 2.87 Cal



Launch thrust-to-weight ratio and rail exit velocity

Thrust to Weight ratio is 7.35:1Rail Exit Velocity is 60.20 ft/s



Mass statement

Open Rocket subscale mass prediction: 75oz (4.7lb)
Actual subscale mass: 101 oz (6.3lb)
Mass increase of 26 oz (1.6lb)
Open Rocket fullscale mass prediction: 139 oz (8.7lb)
Expected mass increase: 30oz (1.9lb)
Expected total mass: 169 oz (10.6lb)

Parachute sizes and descent rates

	Mass: slugs	Decent Rate: ft/s	Total Energy: ft*lb	Parachute Size: in.
Drogue Decent 1	0.3478	48.88	830.98	22
Drogue Decent 2	0.2813	43.96	543.607	22
Payload Decent	0.0665	18.80	23.503	30
Main Decent	0.2813	13.82	53.726	70



Kinetic energy at key phases of the mission, especially at landing

Kinetic energy determined from previously found velocities.
Drogue before payload ejection: 276ft
Drogue after payload ejection: 169.6ft
Main kinetic energy : 37.9ft
Ejected payload kinetic energy : 212.4ft
Rail exit kinetic energy 841.8ft



Predicted altitude of the launch vehicle with a 5-, 10-, 15-, and 20-mph wind



Predicted drift from the launch pad with a 5-, 10-, 15-, and 20-mph wind

Calculated using constant acceleration assumption
 5 mph: 675.277 ft
 10 mph: 1350.5541 ft
 15 mph: 2025.831 ft
 20 mph: 2701.108 ft



Test plans and procedures

 Ground Testing: test ignition charges through flight computer, green indicator signals continuity
 Simulations: test through vacuum
 Actual Launch
 Outlined in CDR Section 4.1.11

Full-scale flight test

Approx. AGL
 2,700 ft
 Approx. Max Velocity
 450 ft/s



Recovery system tests

Drogue: 36 in. / Main: 76 in. / Drogue: 28 in. Kevlar recovery harnesses Descent rates Drogue before payload ejection: 41ft/s Drogue after payload ejection: 36ft/s Main descent rate: 17ft/s Ejected payload descent rate: 24ft/s Rail exit velocity: 71.5ft/s

Summary of Requirements Verification (launch vehicle)

All Requirements Met

System must be less than \$5000 fair market value at time of flight

Rocket must reliably and accurately achieve apogee of 5280ft

Reliably deploy quadrotor at safe working altitude of 500 ft

Stream telemetry, and video to ground station

Employ video and beacon tracking systems.

Quadrotor must have attitude control within 5 degrees of accuracy during normal operations

Quadrotor must have basic altitude control with 6 feet (2 meters) of accuracy during normal operations

Quadrotor must be able to hover for a minimum of ten minutes and operate for 45 minutes in a low power state (no power supplied to the propulsion system).



AGSE/payload design and dimensions

Chassis
22 in x 20 in x 22 in
Electronics Box
10 in x 14 in x 4 in



AGSE/Payload integration

Rotating Claw on moving arm
Mounted Camera
Detect payload in claw



Interfaces with ground systems

Webcams
Servos
Motors
Arcluino
Motor/Servo Controllers
Low Powered PC motherboard





Summary of requirements verification (AGSE/payload)

Power/Kill Switch

- Start Button to start program
- Will run all stages autonomously

